

Discontain information relating to the development, review and approval of exhibited and unneithers in tiles and regulations pursuant to encoramental legislation passed by Congress, Pernotif Industry discontains and guidations are supported and discontains opinions. OME request for community to up to receive the energy of the bandwind documents are other terminal support materials generated during the process to temples and approve the remutation, standard, or updated along with current informs of documents both included and dited as precedent. He is may include confidential upon the following the process of the p

Disposition Instructions:

Item a(1): Published regulations, standards, and guidelines - Nonelectronic

- Permanen
- Close inactive termits upon promulgation of rule or approval of orieteline.
- Transfer to the National Archives 20 years after tile closure. If record is microform, cesticy paper after quality assurance is completed.
- hem a(2): Published regulations standards and guidelines. Electronic
 - Permanent
 - Close inactive records upon promulnation of rule or approval of potentials.
- Transfer to the National Archives 5 years after file closure, with any related documentation and external finding aids, as specified in 36 CFR 1235.44-1235.50 or standards into limit in the time.

Item a(3): 2) hished regulations, standards, and guidelines - Electronic copy of records transferred to the National Archives

- Disposable
- . Close file upon transfer to the National Archives.
- Relate after a arternal report copy is successfully transferred to the National Archives.

Item b: Una missed regulations, standards, and purfatines

- Disposable
- Close inactive remide coordinations to not publish the translation, standard, or guidaline.
- Destroy 10 years after file closure. If record is microform, first milipaper after quality assurance is commisted

Each records schedule item has something else that is important: a set of disposition instructions. The disposition instructions describe the life cycle of the specific files covered by the records schedule item.

Records schedules are called "schedules" because they provide a time line for the life cycle of your files.

http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records

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Life Cycle of Recorded Information

0	pen	Closure Trigger	Clo	sed	Final Disposition
Creation or Receipt	Distribution, Use, Maintenance	Fixed or Discretionary	On-Site Retention	Off-Site Retention	Destruction or Permanent Transfer

This life cycle is divided into four stages.

- open
- closure trigger
- closed
- · final disposition

Every file has the same four stages in its life cycle. But the length of time that each file remains in each stage can be very different. That's where the disposition instructions come in. Here's how the life cycle works.

http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records

Life Cycle of Recorded Information

o	pen	Closure Trigger	Clo	sed	Final Disposition
Creation or Receipt	Distribution, Use, Maintenance	Fixed or Discretionary	On-Site Retention	Off-Site Retention	Destruction or Permanent Transfer

When a file is created or received, its life cycle begins. At that point the file is "open." The file stays open as long as it is needed for current Agency business.

http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records

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Life Cycle of Recorded Information

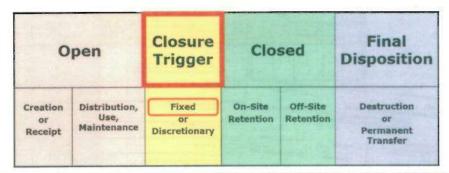
0	pen	Closure Trigger	Clo	sed	Final Disposition
Creation or Receipt	Distribution, Use, Maintenance	Fixed or Discretionary	On-Site Retention	Off-Site Retention	Destruction or Permanent Transfer

When a file is no longer needed for current Agency business, an event occurs which results in closing the file. That event is called a "closure trigger." The closure trigger is a key point in the life cycle of a file, because the closure trigger must occur before the file can be closed.

As you might suppose, different files have different closure triggers. That makes sense, because files are used for different purposes and document different activities. The point at which a file is no longer needed depends on the business process for which the file is used.

http://intranet apa gov/ow/records

Life Cycle of Recorded Information



Some closure triggers are predetermined by the business process. For example:

A contract management file is no longer needed when the contract has ended and the final payment for the overall contract has been made.

A supervisor's personnel file is no longer needed when the employee being supervised has departed.

These predetermined events are called "fixed" closure triggers. For files with fixed closure triggers, you always know what event will trigger the closing of the file.

http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records

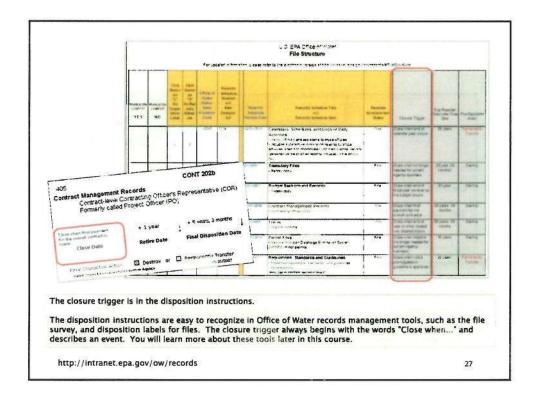
25

Life Cycle of Recorded Information

0	pen	Closure Trigger	Clo	sed	Final Disposition
Creation or Receipt	Distribution, Use, Maintenance	Fixed or Discretionary	On-Site Retention	Off-Site Retention	Destruction or Permanent Transfer

When the event that triggers the closing of the file is not predetermined, the records custodian has the discretion to determine when to close the file. This is called a "discretionary" closure trigger. The closure trigger occurs on the day that the records custodian makes a conscientious determination that the file is no longer needed for current work and closes the file by assigning the close date.

http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records



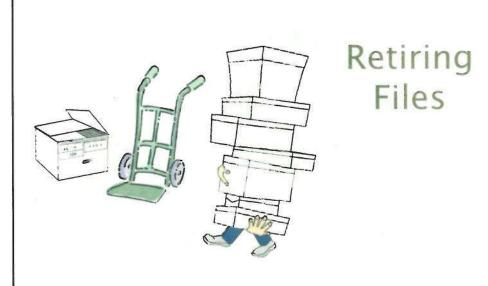
Life Cycle of Recorded Information Closure Final Open Closed Disposition Trigger Creation Distribution, Fixed Destruction Use, Retention or or Retention Maintenance Receipt Discretionary Permanent Transfer After the closure trigger has occurred, the file is closed. When the file is closed, its retention period begins. The retention period is the amount of time EPA is required to keep the file after it is closed. The retention period clock does not start to run until the file is closed. Retention periods come in different lengths. A retention period can be as short as zero, or as long as 30 years. The retention period is based on the value of the information in the file in protecting EPA's legal and financial rights and in documenting its history. http://intranet apa gov/ow/records 28



Some closed files can be retired. That means they are sent off-site to be stored at Federal Records Centers, or "FRCs." FRCs are huge warehouses where the boxed files are kept on shelves. While the files are at the FRC, they remain in the legal custody of EPA. You can get them back if you need them.

http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records

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Sending files to an FRC is called "retiring" the files. Please be aware that the terms "retiring" and "archiving" do not have the same meaning. To avoid confusion, please use the term "retiring" to refer to sending closed files to off-site storage.

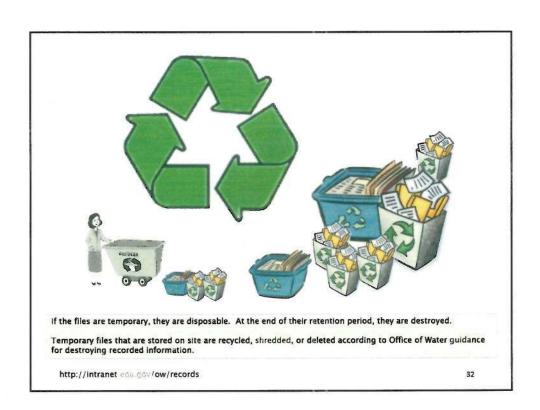
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Life Cycle of Recorded Information

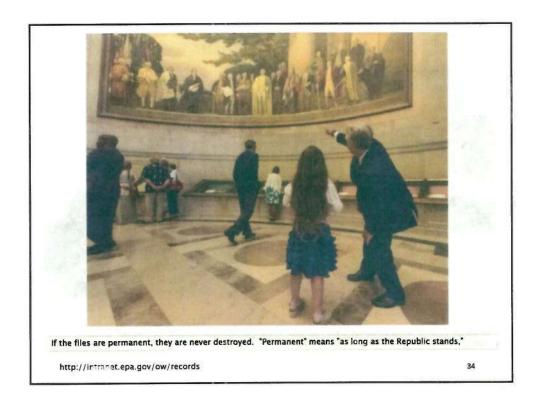
0	pen	Closure Trigger	Clo	sed	Final Disposition
Creation or Receipt	Distribution, Use, Maintenance	Fixed or Discretionary	On-Site Retention	Off-Site Retention	Destruction or Permanent Transfer

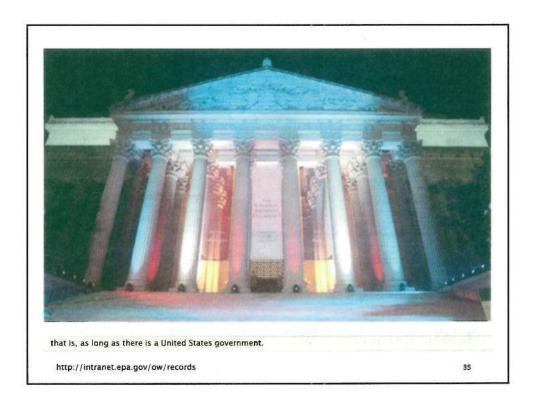
When files reach the end of their retention period, they enter the "final disposition" stage of their life cycle. They are ready for final disposition action. That action depends on whether the files are "temporary" or "permanent."

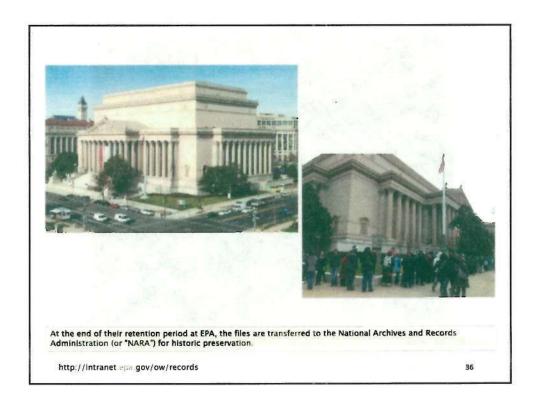
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		\$100 PET \$100 PET \$100 PET\$	DISPOSAL D	PAIR
	notice appear eligible for disposal on the date shown. In		CROS DESCRIPTION	
the agency having legal custo	(8.170(b), they will be destroyed only with the concurrence of ody of the records. If you concur with the destruction of these	ACCESSION NUMBER		UBG ROUP
Federal Records Center, and	office in the appropriate blocks below, return the notice to the annotate your SF 135 (all copies) to show that the records	DISPOSAL AUTHORITY		OLUME (C.I.)
have been destroyed. REMARKS		SERIES DESCRIPTION, INCLUSIVE DAYES, AND BOX NUMBERS (if applicable)		40
SIGNATURE	TOSE CATE			NA 19001 (Rev. 6-9)
				NA 13001 (Rev. 6-9)
				NA 15001 (Rev. 6-9)
				NA 13001 (Rev. 6-9)

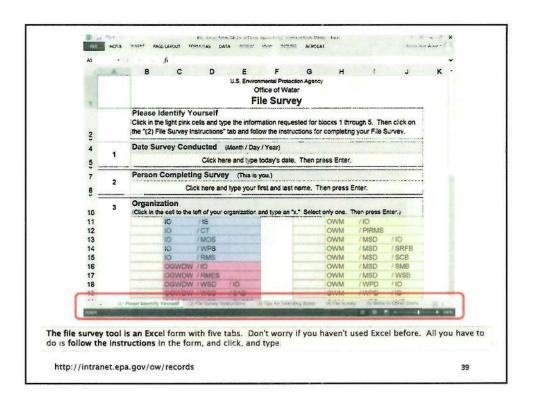


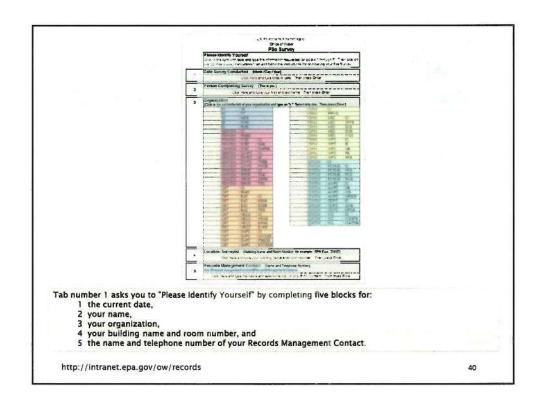


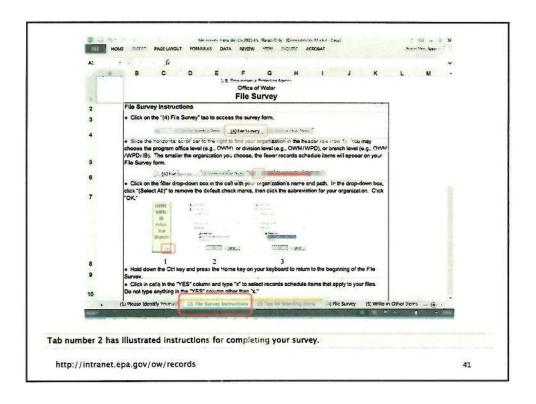


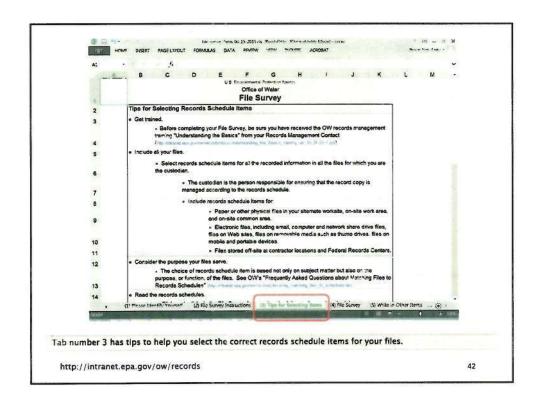


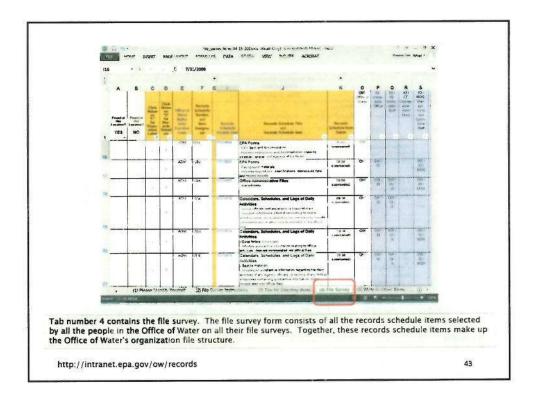


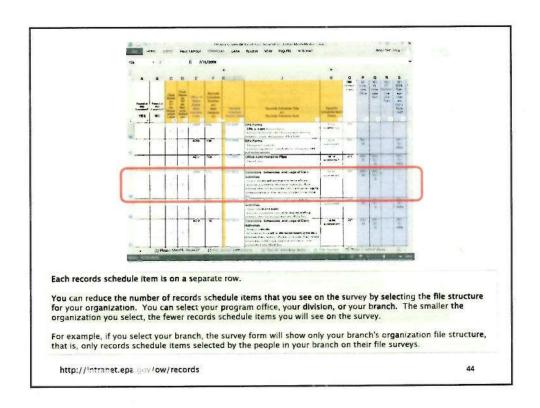


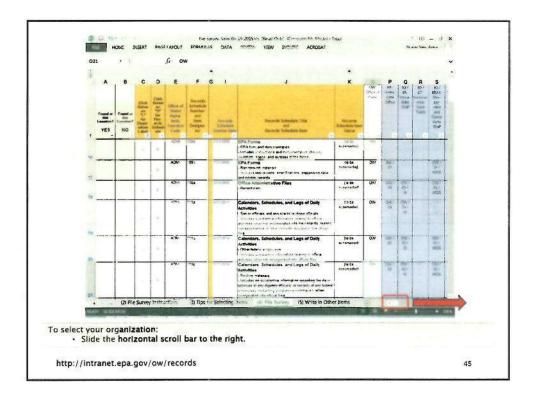


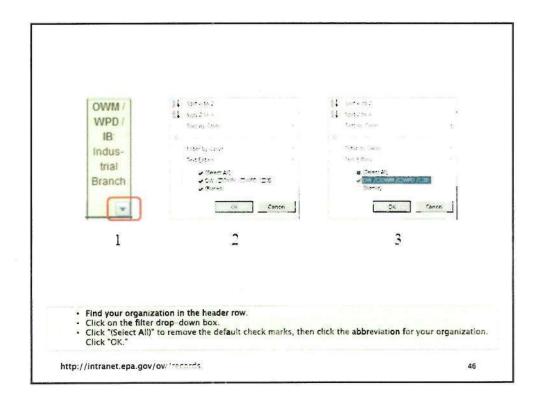


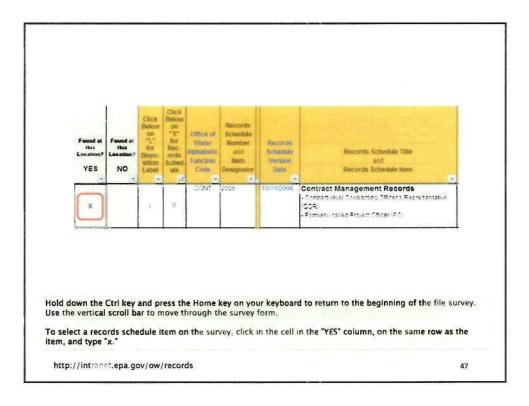


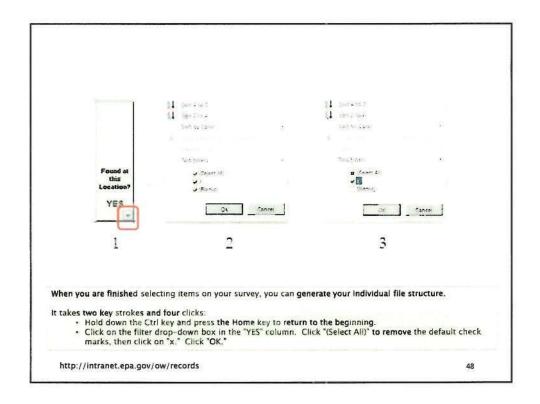


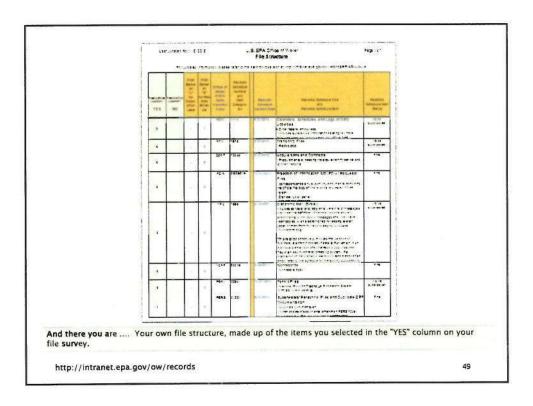


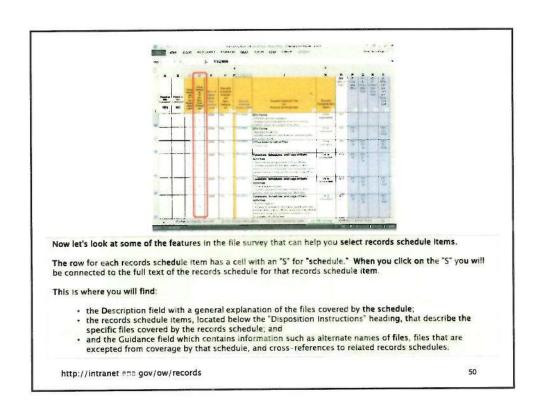


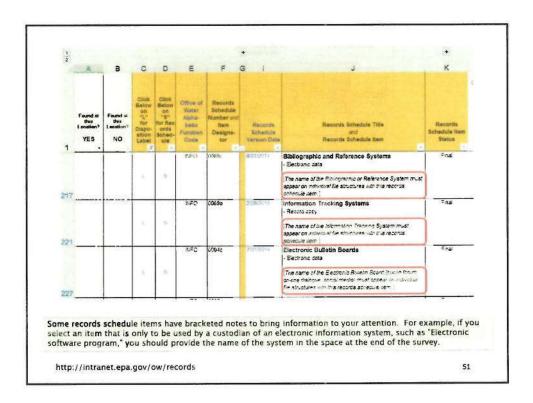


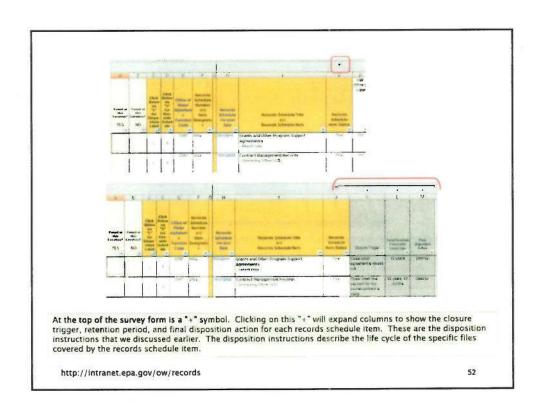


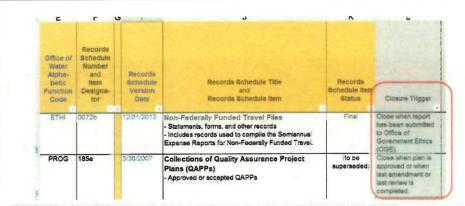












How do disposition instructions help you select the correct records schedule items for your files?

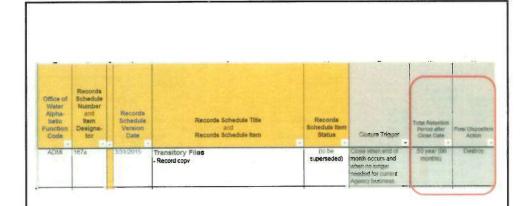
First, the closure trigger should fit your business process.

For example, if you select the records schedule item with the closure trigger "Close when report has been submitted to Office of Government Ethics (OGE)," the file should contain documents that will be submitted to OGE. And the file should be able to be closed, that is, not needed for current Agency business, once those documents have been submitted.

A records schedule item with a closure trigger that does not fit your work, may not be the correct item for your file. For example, the closure trigger "Close when plan is approved," would not fit a file that doesn't have anything to do with an actual plan.

http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records

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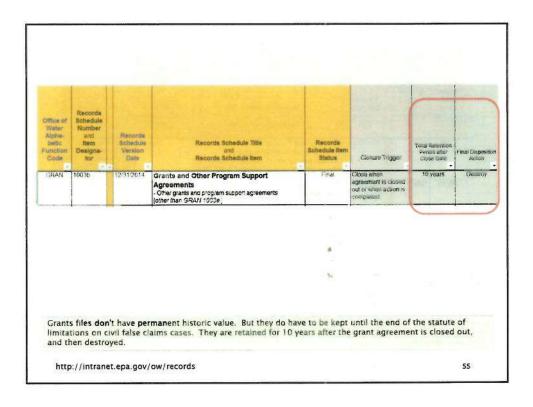


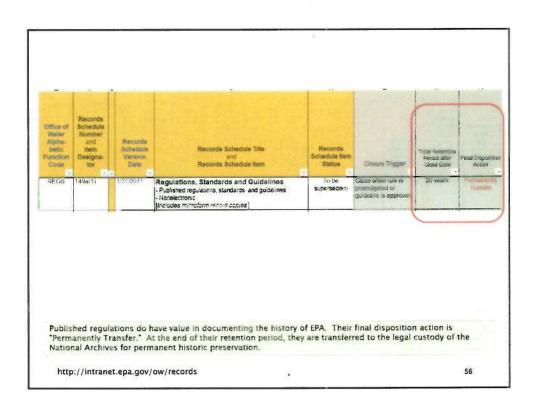
Next, the retention period and the final disposition action should fit the value of your files after they are closed.

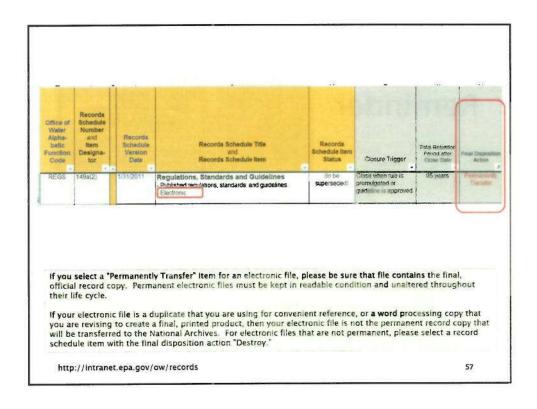
Here are some examples.

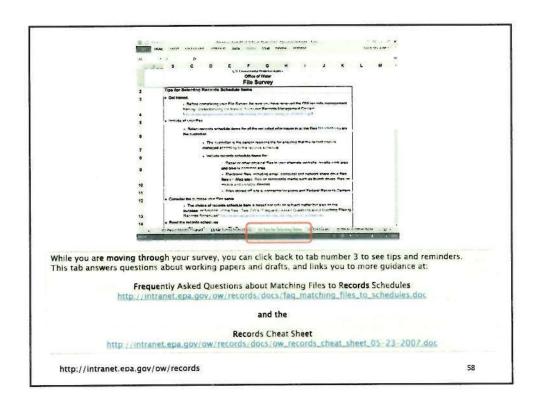
A superseded working draft that was not circulated for comment, or a reminder to schedule a room for a meeting, would not be needed to protect EPA's legal and financial rights and would not have permanent historic value. They could be destroyed at the end of the 6-month retention period for Transitory Files.

http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records









Reminder

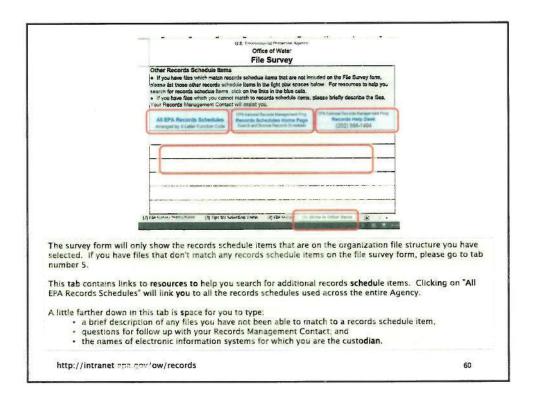


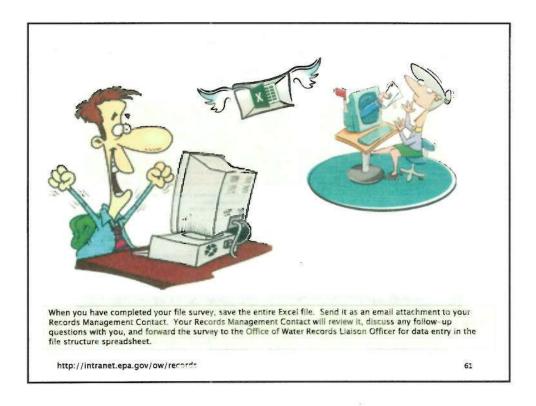
Your survey should represent all your files. Select records schedule items for all the recorded information for which you are the custodian.

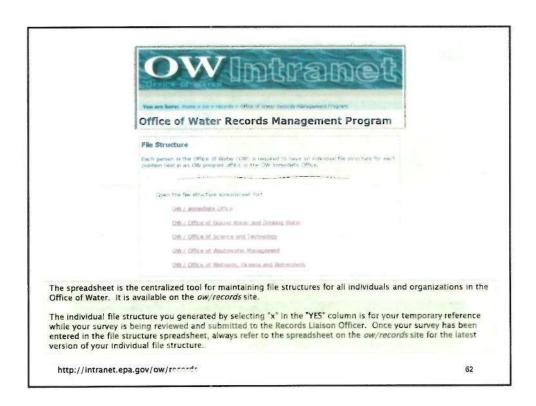
- Paper or other physical files in your alternate worksite, on-site work area, and on-site common area.
 Electronic files, including:
- - computer and network share drive files;
 files on Web sites, including social media, such as YouTube videos and facebook postings;
 files on removable media such as USB drives; and

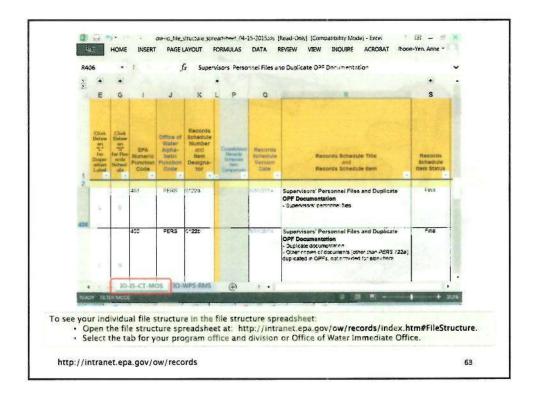
 - o files on mobile and portable devices.
- Files stored off-site at contractor locations and Federal Records Centers.

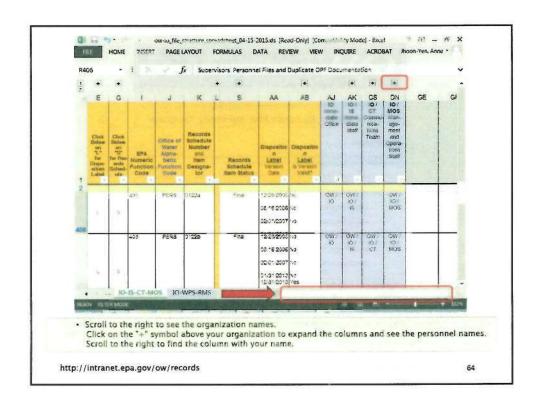
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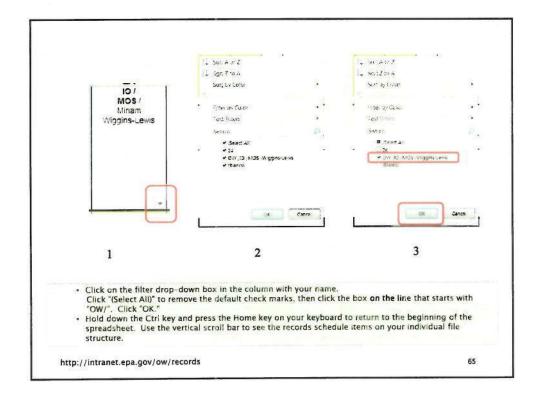


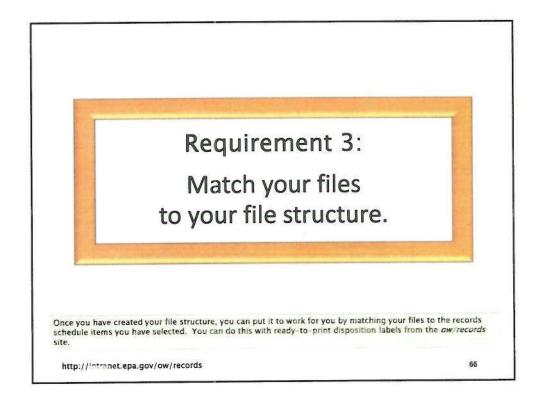


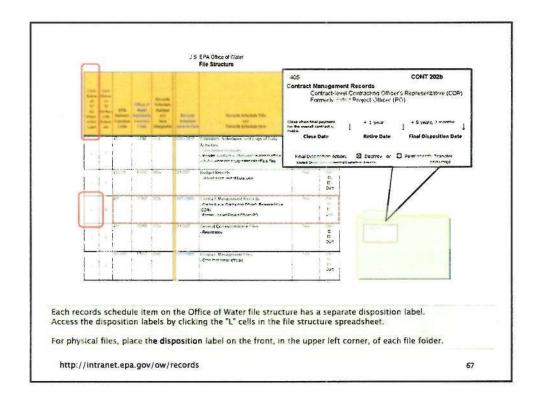


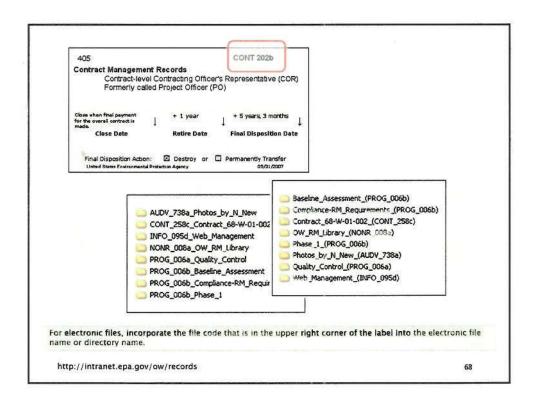


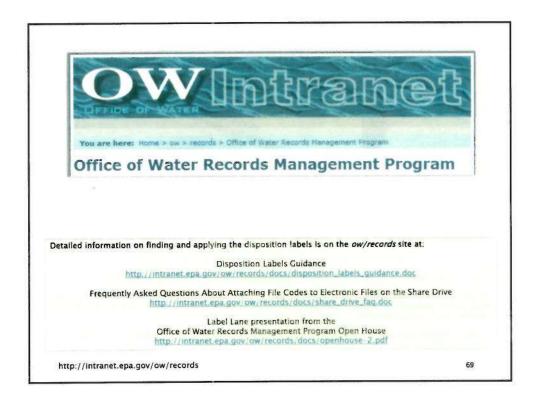










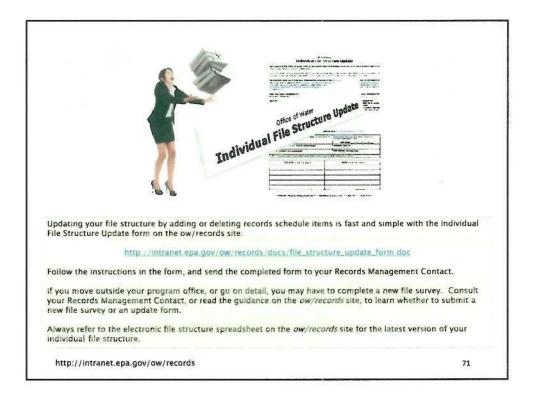


Requirement 4: Update your file structure.

The Office of Water is a dynamic organization. New activities begin. Workgroups are formed. Existing projects come to an end. Responsibilities shift. People retire. Detailees arrive. All these changes can affect the types of files in your custody.

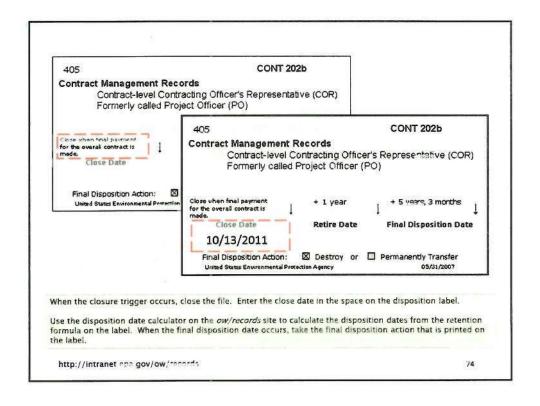
If your job responsibilities change, if you move to a new branch, if you inherit files from someone who has left, please review your file structure.

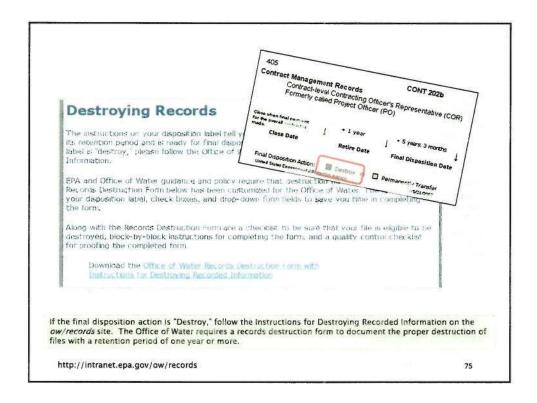
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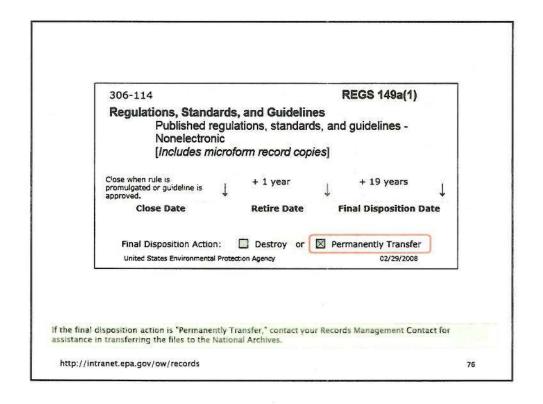


Requirement 5: Follow disposition instructions. The disposition instructions for your files are printed on the disposition labels. http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records 72

	405		CONT 202b
Each label displays disposition instructions			's Representative (COR) O)
for a records schedule item on the Office of Water file structure,	Close when final payment for the overall contract is made. Close Date	+ 1 year Retire Date	+ 5 years, 3 months ↓ Final Disposition Date
with space to enter disposition dates.	Final Disposition Action:	And the second s	Permanently Transfer 05/31/2007









You can use the disposition instructions on the labels to manage your electronic files, as well as your physical files. Please read the "Using Information in the Labels to Manage Electronic Files" section of the Disposition Labels Guidance:

Disposition Labels Guidance
http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records/docs/disposition_labels_guidance.doc

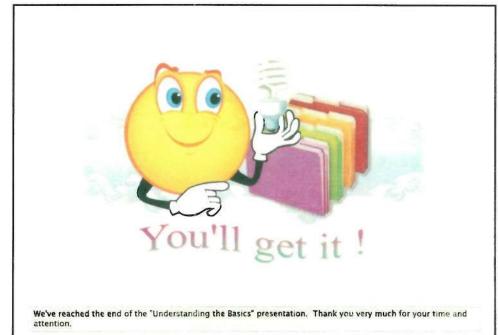
More information on following disposition instructions is on the ow/records site at:

File Closure Crossing presentation from the Office of Water Records Management Program Open House http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records/docs/openhouse-3.pdf

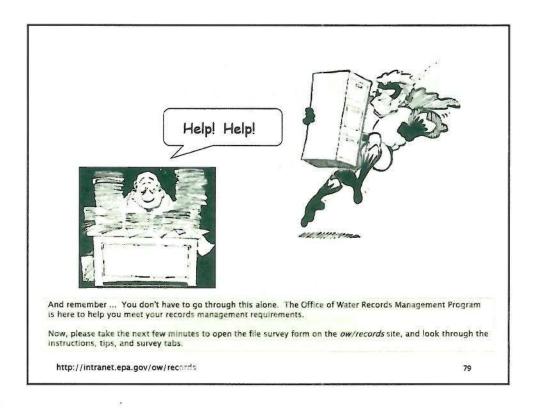
Office of Water Records Destruction Form with Instructions for Destroying Recorded Information http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records/index.htm#DestroyingRecords

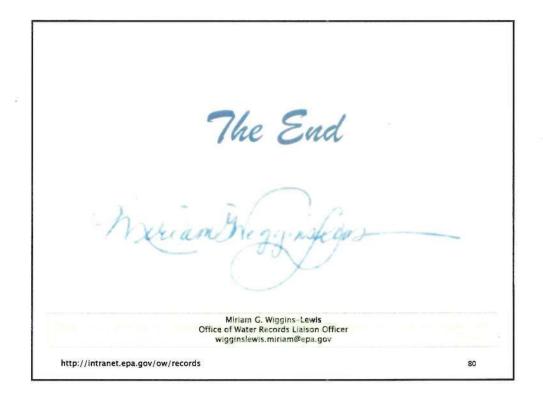
http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records

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http://intranet epa.gov/ow/records





Records Destruction Form

1.	Description
2.	Date Range
3.	Office of Water Disposition Label
4.	Date of Destruction
5.	Medium
	Paper Compact Disc (optical media) Electronic File (nonremovable media, excluding email)
	☐ Photographic Material ☐ Diskette (magnetic media) ☐ Email ☐ Video Tape ☐ Audio Tape
	Other (specify)
0.	Volume Unit of Measurement
	☐ Linear Inches ☐ Manila/Kraft File Folders ☐ Discs/Diskettes ☐ KB ☐ MB ☐ GB
	☐ Cubic Feet ☐ Expanding File Folders ☐ Electronic Files/Emails ☐ Tapes
	☐ Other (specify)
	Access Restrictions
/ .	No Restrictions Personally Identifiable Information
	Acquisition Sensitive Information Privacy Act System of Records
	☐ Confidential Business Information ☐ Privileged / Confidential Agency Information
	☐ Enforcement Sensitive Information ☐ Sensitive But Unclassified / Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) ☐ Other (specify)
8.	Method of Destruction
	☐ Recycle ☐ Shred ☐ Delete ☐ Other (specify)
9.	Custodian
10.	Custodian's Organization Office of Water /
11.	Records Management Contact
12.	I certify that, to the best of my knowledge, this recorded information is not subject to any current or pending audit,
	litigation, subpoena, Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request, or other legal demand for retention or disclosure.
ĺ	(signature and date) Role of Person Signing: Custodian Records Management Contact Other (specify above next to signature)

Instructions for Destroying Recorded Information

These instructions apply to all recorded information in the Office of Water. Recorded information, also called documentary materials, consists of records, nonrecords, and personal papers (http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records/docs/ow_records_cheat_sheet_05-23-2007.doc).

Before proceeding with the destruction, use this checklist to be sure that the information is eligible to be destroyed.

Disposition Label:	The file containing the information is correctly labeled according to the Disposition Labels Guidance; and all information in the file matches the records schedule item described on the disposition label. (http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records/#Disposition)
File Closure:	The file is correctly closed according to the Disposition Labels Guidance.
Date Calculation:	The disposition dates (Close Date, Retire Date, and Final Disposition Date) on the disposition label are correctly calculated. (http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records/calculator)
Final Disposition Date:	The Final Disposition Date will have occurred by the Date of Destruction.
Final Disposition Action:	The Final Disposition Action on the disposition label is: Destroy
Legal Demand:	The file is not subject to any current or pending audit, litigation, subpoena, Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request, or other legal demand for retention or disclosure.

General Instructions for Completing the Office of Water's Records Destruction Form

Retention Periods of One Year or Longer

The Records Destruction Form is mandatory for on-site destruction of files that have a total retention period of one year or longer. The total retention period is the time between the Close Date and the Final Disposition Date on the disposition label.

Retention Periods of Less than One Year

The Records Destruction Form is optional for files with a total retention period of less than one year. An example of good business practice in completing a Records Destruction Form for files with a retention period of less than one year is: documenting that personnel files with access restrictions are nonrecord duplicate copies of record copies held by a human resources office and that the duplicate copies are destroyed by shredding.

Files with Different File Codes

The file code is the alpha-numeric identifier in the upper right corner of the disposition label. File codes correspond to disposition instructions for records schedule items. Every records schedule item has its own unique file code. Complete separate Records Destruction Forms for files with different file codes. For example, you would complete separate Records Destruction Forms for files with the file codes CONT 003a, FINA 028e, and PROG 006b.

Files with Different Final Disposition Dates

As a general rule, complete separate Records Destruction Forms for files with different Final Disposition Dates.

In cases where completing separate Records Destruction Forms is excessively burdensome, you may complete one Records Destruction Form for files with different Final Disposition Dates, provided:

- (1) All files have the same file code.
- (2) In Block 1, an explanation is included in the description (for example, "Original travel receipts from 2002, 2003, 2004").
- (3) In Block 2, the date range is from the earliest date to the latest date of the activity documented by all the files, collectively.
- (4) In Block 3, the disposition dates (Close Date, Retire Date, and Final Disposition Date) are for the files that closed the latest.
- (5) In Block 6, the quantity includes all files; and the unit of measurement is applicable to all files.
- (6) In Blocks 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12, the information entered applies to all files.

Required Blocks

All 12 blocks of the Records Destruction Form are required and must be completed.

Method of Completing the Records Destruction Form

Complete the Records Destruction Form electronically or by handwriting. If you complete the form by handwriting, please print or write legibly.

Retention of the Records Destruction Form

Give the signed original of the Records Destruction Form to your Program Office Lead Records Management Contact (http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records/#RecordsManagementContacts) to retain in a file with the disposition label for file code ADMI 307a(2), Records Disposition Files -- Records description and disposition program documentation. Give a copy of the signed Records Destruction Form to the Office of Water Records Liaison Officer.

Block-by-Block Instructions for Completing the Records Destruction Form

1. Description

Briefly describe the files to be destroyed. Enter file names, project titles, unique identifiers, or other information that supplements the records schedule title and item description on the disposition label.

Here are some examples:

Records Schedule Title	Description for Block 1
Contract Management Records	Contract name and number
Information Tracking Systems	Name of electronic information system
Conferences, Seminars, Associations, and Societies Files	Name of conference
Employee Awards Files	Name of award and/or name of employee(s) receiving the award

Include enough information to identify the specific files to be destroyed. Keep in mind that case law cited in guidance from the U.S. Department of Justice on responding to Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) requests states, "absent proof that requested records were destroyed, agency cannot refuse to search for such records simply because they were type of records not required to be retained" (The Department of Justice Guide to the Freedom of Information Act (2009 Edition)). In other words, if you do not have a description to prove that the specific files being requested were destroyed, you still have to conduct a search for them before you respond to the FOIA.

Spell out acronyms. Some acronyms have multiple meanings depending on context. You may know what the acronym means today; but someone else might not understand it years from now.

2. Date Range

The date range is the beginning date and ending date of the period of time during which the activity that is documented by the files occurred.

Usually the date range consists of the earliest and latest dates that appear on the information in the files, such as the date an email is sent, the date correspondence is signed, the date an award is announced. The date range also could include the period of time when the activity was continuing and the files were being used for Agency business. For files that do not contain dates, the records custodian or other person with knowledge of the files should determine the period of time that the activity documented by the files occurred.

Include the complete month, day, and year in the beginning date and ending date of the date range. If the exact dates are not readily available, you may round to the calendar quarter or the fiscal or calendar year, provided that the date range is inclusive. For example, if you are sure the activity began in 1996 and concluded in 2002, but you do not have the exact dates, you could use 01/01/1996 as the beginning date and 12/31/2002 as the ending date.

The ending date in the date range must not be later than the Close Date on the disposition label.

3. Office of Water Records Disposition Label

For Disposition Labels Guidance, go to: http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records/#Disposition.

Insert an Office of Water disposition label using one of the following methods.

- Paste a disposition label in the blank rectangle on the Records Destruction Form.
- Photocopy the disposition label from the file folder onto the back of Records Destruction Form.
- Cut the disposition label off the file folder and staple the label to the Records Destruction Form.
- Ask your Records Management Contact to have a customized Records Destruction Form, with the disposition label inserted electronically, sent to you by email. (Program Office Lead Records Management Contacts: Place the request for the customized Records Destruction Form with the Office of Water Records Liaison Officer.)
- Copy and paste the disposition label electronically into the Records Destruction Form by following the instructions below.

How to Copy and Paste the Disposition Label Electronically

- (1) Find the label.
 - Click on the hyperlink in the file structure spreadsheet on the Office of Water Records Management Program Intranet site. (http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records/#FileStructure)
- (2) Highlight the label.
 - · Click inside the label.
 - Highlight the entire label by selecting: Layout, Select, Table (Alt a c t).
 Do not attempt to highlight the label by manually clicking and dragging the cursor. This can result in loss of formatting and text.
- (3) Copy the label.
 - Select: Home, Copy (Ctrl c).
- (4) Open the Records Destruction Form.
- (5) Unprotect the Records Destruction Form.
 - Select: Review, Protect Document, Restrict Formatting and Editing
 (Alt r pr f). Select: Stop Protection.
- (6) Paste the label.
 - Click in the white space between the two small gray form fields inside the blank rectangle that is below the words:
 "3. Office of Water Disposition Label."
 - Select: Home, Paste as Nested Table (Ctrl v).
 - You should see one small gray form field above the pasted label and one small gray form field below the pasted label.
 - Be sure that all the text from the disposition label is visible on the copy that
 is pasted in the Records Destruction Form. The formatting and text of the
 label should be identical to the printed label on the file folder.
- (7) Protect the Records Destruction Form.
 - If you do not protect the form after pasting, the check boxes and drop-down form fields will not function.
 - Select: 2. Editing restrictions, Allow only this type of editing in the document: Filling in forms. 3. Start enforcement, Yes, Start Enforcing Protection. OK (leave the password fields blank). Click the X in the upper right corner of the Restrict Formatting window to close the window.

Be sure the disposition label version still is valid.

- Records schedule changes can cause the information on your disposition label to become out of date and inaccurate.
- You can determine if the disposition label version is valid by comparing the version date in the lower right corner of the label with the "Disposition Label: Version Date" and "Disposition Label: Is Version Valid?" columns in the Office of Water file structure spreadsheet (http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records/#FileStructure). If the label is valid, "Yes" will appear next to the version date in the spreadsheet. If the label is not valid, "No" will appear.
- If the label version is not valid, click on the hyperlink in the spreadsheet to obtain a new label, or see your Records Management Contact for assistance (http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records/#RecordsManagementContacts).

Be sure the records schedule that corresponds to the disposition label is in Final status.

- Final Disposition Action is authorized only for files matched to records schedules in Final status.
- Disposition labels for files matched to records schedules not in Final status will have one of these warning statements:

This schedule is in Draft status and may not be used for Final Disposition of records until the schedule is moved to Final status.

This schedule is in Development status and may not be used for Final Disposition of records until the schedule is moved to Final status.

 If the records schedule is in Draft or Development status, you must wait until it is moved to Final status before you may proceed with the destruction.

Be aware of records schedule changes in progress.

- The EPA National Records Management Program publishes changes to records schedules each month, usually on the Friday of the first full week of each month.
- The Office of Water Records Management Program publishes a "NOTICE OF TEMPORARY DISPOSITION HOLD" in the Office of Water file structure spreadsheet to alert you to records schedules that are on the list of changes for the current month. The notice asks that you not take any disposition action until the changes are reviewed and the file structure spreadsheet, including disposition label version information, is updated.

Be sure that all three disposition dates (Close Date, Retire Date, and Final Disposition Date) are on the disposition label.

Do not change the information that is printed on the disposition label or add any information to the disposition label, other than the three disposition dates. Information that describes the files and supplements the records schedule title and item description on the disposition label should be entered in Block 1, Description.

Be sure that the Close Date on the disposition label is not earlier than the ending date in the date range in Block 2.

4. Date of Destruction

Enter the complete month, day, and year of the date the files will be destroyed. The Date of Destruction must not be earlier than the Final Disposition Date.

5. Medium

Check the box(es) that correspond(s) to the material in which the files are stored. You may check all media that apply, provided that the information in Blocks 1 through 4 and 7 through 12 apply to all media checked. If there is no applicable check box, check "Other" and specify the medium.

Please note that "Email" refers to medium, not format. If you are deleting emails from your EPA email account, check "Email." If you are destroying emails that have been printed, check "Paper."

6. Volume

Indicate the quantity of files to be destroyed using the easiest and most logical unit of measurement.

Enter an amount in the box for "Quantity"; and check the applicable box for "Unit of Measurement" (for example: 12 Linear Inches; 3 Cubic Feet; 25 Discs/Diskettes; 7 Expanding File Folders; 889 KB). If there is no applicable check box, check "Other" and specify the unit of measurement.

Be sure that the unit of measurement fits the medium checked in Block 5. For example, paper can be measured in inches, feet, or File Folders. Files on a network share drive can be measured in kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), gigabytes (GB), or Electronic Files.

Enter only one quantity amount for each unit of measurement, and only one unit of measurement for each quantity amount. If one unit of measurement does not fit all media in Block 5, enter additional quantity amounts and units of measurement in the "Other" space in Block 6. For example, if you have 6 expanding file folders and 3 diskettes, you would enter:

5.			ompact Disc (optical media)				vable media, excluding email)		
	☐ Photographic	: Material 🔯 Disk	kette (magnetic media)	☐ Email	☐ Vide	o Tape	☐ Au	dio Tape	
	Other (specify)								
6.	Volume								
	Quantity		Unit of Measurement						
		☐ Linear Inches	☐ Manila/Kraft File Folce	ers 🔲 Discs	/Diskettes	□кв	□мв	□ GB	
	6	☐ Cubic Feet	Expanding File Folders	□ Electr	onic Files/E	mails		□ Tapes	
		Other (specify	PLUS 3 Diskettes						

Count one standard records retirement box (10 x 12 x 15 inches) as 1 Cubic Foot.

7. Access Restrictions

If access to the files is not restricted, check "No Restrictions."

If access to the files is restricted, check the box with the applicable restriction.

Below are access restrictions definitions derived from EPA training and guidance.

If there is no check box for the access restriction applicable to the files, check "Other" and specify the type of restriction.

Do not include any information that has access restrictions in Block 1, Description.

Access Restrictions Definitions

Acquisition Sensitive Information

Includes contract information that must be protected from public disclosure or from anyone who does not possess a "need to know." Examples include but are not limited to: source selection information, proposals or work plans (technical and financial), work assignments, task orders/delivery orders, invoices and monthly progress reports, deliverables, past performance information, cost or pricing data and indirect costs rates.

Confidential Business Information (CBI)

Includes information that is a trade secret or commercial or financial information from outside parties that has been claimed or determined to be confidential.

Enforcement Sensitive Information

Includes information that would: interfere with ongoing or anticipated enforcement actions; disclose law enforcement techniques or procedures; or reveal the identities of witnesses or confidential informants.

Personally Identifiable Information (PII)

Any information that potentially can be used to identify, contact or locate an individual. Below is a list of common forms of PII:

full names; Social Security numbers; dates of birth; driver's licenses and passport numbers; street addresses: telephone numbers; email addresses; health care record numbers; insurance policy numbers; client numbers associated with various kinds of applications; biometric identifiers (finger and voice prints); birth, death and marriage certificates; mother's maiden name; education and employment records; credit card numbers; bank account numbers.

Privacy Act System of Records

Any group of records under the control of the Agency from which information is retrieved by personal identifier such as the name of the individual, or a number, symbol, or other unique identifier assigned to the individual. Single Agency records or groups of records which are not retrieved by a personal identifier are not part of a System of Records. Uncirculated personal records maintained by individual employees of the Agency which are prepared, maintained, or discarded at the discretion of the employee and which are not subject to the Federal Records Act, 44 U.S.C. 3101, do not constitute a System of Records; provided that such personal papers are not used by the employee or the Agency to make any determination concerning the rights, benefits, or privileges of individuals, and are not incorporated into an existing System of Records. A System of Records comes under the provisions of the Privacy Act.

Privileged / Confidential Agency Information

Includes information protected by the deliberative process, attorney client, or attorney work-product privileges; pre-decisional budget information; and internal security or vulnerability information.

Sensitive But Unclassified (SBU) / Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI)

Information that has not been classified as National Security Information. SBU/CUI is not classified, but required protection for other reasons. Such information is generally exempt from public disclosure and, depending on the type of information, dissemination may be restricted even within the federal government.

8. Method of Destruction

Check the applicable box to indicate how the files will be destroyed. If there is no applicable check box, check "Other" and specify the method of destruction.

Files with access restrictions must not be left in open recycling bins. They should be shredded or otherwise destoyed in a manner that prevents unauthorized access prior to their destruction.

9. Custodian

Enter the name of the individual who is the holder of the files or who serves as the responsible point of contact for the files.

The custodian may be former personnel if the Records Management Contact and the person signing the certification statement are current personnel.

10. Custodian's Organization

Select the custodian's organization from one of the four drop-down form fields. If you complete the Records Destruction Form by hand, include the complete Program Office or Office of Water Immediate Office, Division, and Branch.

11. Records Management Contact

Enter the name of the custodian's Records Management Contact as shown in the Directory of Office of Water Records Management Contacts (http://intranet.epa.gov/ow/records/#RecordsManagementContacts).

12. Certification

Mandatory Records Destruction Forms (for files with retention periods of one year or longer) must be signed by EPA employees. Optional Records Destruction Forms (for files with retention periods of less than one year) may be signed by EPA employees, contractors, or other individuals who are authorized custodians of Office of Water files.

Include: (1) signature; (2) date signed; and (3) role of the person signing the certification statement.

Checklist Quality Control for Records Destruction Form: Questions to Ask

Instructions

- The correct answer to all questions is "Yes."
- For additional information, see the referenced pages in the Office of Water Records Destruction Form and Instructions for Destroying Recorded Information.

General (pages 2, 3)

- Are all blocks completed?
- Is all information on the form legible, whether handwritten, electronically entered, or photocopied?

Description (page 4)

- Does the description contain sufficient detail for the type of files covered by the records schedule item in Block 3 Office of Water Disposition Label?
- Are all acronyms spelled out?

Date Range (page 4)

- Are both beginning and ending dates entered?
- Do both dates include complete month, day, and year?
- Is the ending date on or after the beginning date?
- Are the beginning and ending dates consistent with the dates in the files being destroyed and any accompanying documentation, such as inventory lists, if included?

3. Office of Water Disposition Label (pages 2, 5, 6)

- . Is entire disposition label visible on the Records Destruction Form, and not cut off?
- Is the disposition label unaltered, other than to add the disposition dates?
- Is disposition label version date valid?
- Is there no change in progress for this records schedule?
- Is the records schedule in final status?
- Is the records schedule item an appropriate match for the files described in Block 1 Description?
- Are all three disposition date blocks completed?
- Is the Close Date consistent with the Closure Trigger?
- Is the Close Date on or after the ending date in Block 2 Date Range?
- Are the disposition dates on the disposition label correctly calculated?
- Has the Final Disposition Date occurred?
- Is the Final Disposition Action on the disposition label "destroy"?

4. Date of Destruction (page 6)

- Is the Date of Destruction a complete month, day, and year?
- Is the Date of Destruction on or after the Final Disposition Date?

5. Medium (pages 2, 7)

- If more than one medium is checked, is each medium accounted for in Block 6 Volume?
- Is the medium an appropriate match for the records schedule item?

Volume (page 7)

- Is only one quantity amount entered for each unit of measurement?
- Is only one unit of measurement entered for each quantity amount?
- If multiple quantity amounts and units of measurement are applicable, are they entered clearly in the "Other" space?
- Is each unit of measurement an appropriate match for the medium?

7. Access Restrictions (pages 7, 8)

Are the access restrictions appropriate for the type of files being destroyed?

8. Method of Destruction (page 9)

Is the Method of Destruction appropriate for the Access Restrictions in Block 7?

9. Custodian (page 9)

Is a correctly spelled custodian name entered?

10. Custodian's Organization (page 9)

- Is the organization that is entered correct for the Custodian?
- Are the complete office, division, and branch entered?

11. Records Management Contact (page 9)

Is a correctly spelled, current Records Management Contact name entered?

12. Certification Statement (page 9)

- Are both signature and date entered?
- Is the "Role of Person Signing" checked?
- If "Other" is checked, is the Role specified next to the signature?

REPORTS OF WORK TECHNICAL SUPPORT FOR ASSESSMENT AND WATERSHED PROTECTION

I. Monthly Progress Report

The Contractor shall furnish two (2) copies of a combined monthly technical and financial progress report briefly stating the progress made, including the percentage of the project completed during the reporting period. The Contractor shall also furnish electronic copies of the combined monthly technical and financial progress reports to the Contract Level Contracting Officer Representative (CL-COR) and Alternate CL-COR.

For this contract, the work is ordered using task orders. The Contractor is to include the percentage of work ordered and completed during the reporting period. Specific discussions shall include: activities undertaken, deliverables submitted, difficulties encountered, remedial action taken during the reporting period, and anticipated activity during the subsequent reporting period. In addition, the report shall specify contract financial status as follows:

- (a) For term form task orders, provide:
- (1) Cumulative totals for the contract amounts obligated, amounts claimed, and remaining available funds. Available funds are defined as the total obligated amount less total funds claimed.
- (2) Cumulative labor hours and dollars, broken out by prime contractor and subcontractor labor category, expended from the effective date of the contract through the last day of the current reporting month.

 Actual costs and direct labor hours expended during the current reporting month.
- (3) Estimated costs and direct labor hours to be expended during the next reporting period.
- (4) Actual costs and direct labor hours incurred for each task order issued and estimates of costs and manhours required to complete each task order.
- (b) For completion form contracts, provide a graph using a vertical axis for dollars and a horizontal axis for time increments that shows the actual and projected rate of expenditures against the total estimated cost of the contract.
- (c) This submission does not change the notification requirements of the "Limitation of Cost" or "Limitation of Funds" clauses requiring separate written notice to the Contracting Officer.
- (d) The reports shall be submitted to the CL-COR via email and to the Contracting Officer via FedConnect on or before the 20th of each month following the first complete calendar month of the contract.

Distribute reports as follows:

Contract Level COR 2 copies Contracting Officer FedConnect

II. Draft Final Reports

At least 30 days prior to the completion of the period of performance, the Contractor shall submit to the EPA (CL-COR) two (2) copies of the Draft Final Report. The Contractor shall, in addition, furnish the EPA Contracting Officer with one (1) copy of the letter transmitting the Draft Final Report via FedConnect.

The Draft Final Report should summarize the progress made in all task order areas during the term of the contract, noting the percentage(s) of work completed, as well as unfinished tasks. The Report should also include a brief discussion of difficulties encountered and remedial action(s) taken in each task order area during the reporting period.

In addition, the Report shall specify contract financial status in each task order area as follows:

- (1) Total cumulative costs and direct labor hours expended from the effective date of the contract through the last day of the contract period. Include a cumulative incurred cost per direct labor hour average computation, and compare the result to the cumulative average cost per direct labor hour derived from the estimated cost of the contract.
- (2) Actual costs and direct labor hours expended during the contract period.
- (3) Actual costs and direct labor hours expended for each task order issued.
- (4) A graph using a vertical axis for dollars and a horizontal axis for time increments which depicts the projected and actual rate of expenditures against the total estimated cost of the contract.

The Government will review and return each submission of the Draft Final Report indicating approval or disapproval (and comments, if necessary), within fourteen (14) calendar days of its receipt. The Draft Final Report should include all illustrations, tables, drawings, charts, data sheets, and other pertinent materials required for an approved Final Report.

III. Final Reports

Within 7 days of the conclusion of the period of performance, the Contractor shall deliver one (1) copy of the approved Final Report to the EPA Contracting Officer via FedConnect, and two (2) copies to the EPA Contract Level Contracting Officer Representative (CL-COR).

IV. Special Reports

Additional reporting requirements may be identified in task orders. Delivery schedules, number of copies, format, and distribution will also be identified in the task orders. In general, reports shall be submitted to the EPA Task Order Contracting Officer Representative (TOCOR) in hard copy as well as electronically in Microsoft Word format or other format as specified by the Task Order Contracting Officer Representative (TOCOR).

DEFINITION OF LABOR CLASSIFICATIONS TECHNICAL SUPPORT FOR ASSESSMENT AND WATERSHED PROTECTION

The following definitions of the labor classifications are provided to aid in the preparation of the technical and cost portions of your proposal.

(a) Professional

(1) Level 4 - Plans, conducts, and supervises projects of major significance, necessitating advanced knowledge and the ability to originate and apply new and unique methods and procedures. Supplies technical advice and counsel to other professionals. Generally operates with wide latitude for un-reviewed action.

Typical Title: Project Manager, Quality Assurance Officer, Water Resource Engineer, Environmental Engineer, Environmental Scientist, Chemist, Biologist, Computer Scientist, Statistician, Economist, Ecologist, Contract Administrator Normal Qualifications: Ph.D. Degree or equivalent Typical Experience: 10 years or more

(2) Level 3 - Under general supervision of project leader, plans, conducts and supervises assignments normally involving smaller or less important projects. Estimates and schedules work to meet completion dates. Directs assistants, reviews progress, and evaluates results, makes changes in methods, design or equipment where necessary. Operates with some latitude for un-reviewed action or decision.

Typical Title: Water Resource Engineer, Environmental Engineer, Environmental Scientist, Computer Scientist, Graphics/Editorial/Public Outreach Specialist, Chemist, Biologist, Environmental Planner Economist, Ecologist Statistician, Meeting Facilitator

Normal Qualifications: Master's Degree or equivalent

Normal Experience: 6 years or more

(3) Level 2 - Under supervision of a professional level 3 or 4, carries out assignments associated with specific projects. Translates technical guidance received from supervisor into usable data applicable to the particular assignment; coordinates the activities of a technician level 1 or 2. Work assignments are varied and require some originality and ingenuity.

Typical Title: Environmental Engineer, Environmental Scientist, Systems Analyst/Programmer, Chemist, Biologist, Statistician, Economist, Environmental Planner, Ecologist, Computer Graphics/Graphic Designer, Technical Editor/Information Specialist, Meeting Planner Coordinator, Contract Administrator, Videographer

Normal Qualifications: Bachelor's Degree or equivalent

Typical Experience: 3 years or more

(4) Level 1 - Lowest of entering classification. Works under close supervision of professional level 3 or 4. Gathers and correlates basic data and performs routine analyses. Works on less complicated assignments where little evaluation is required.

Typical Title: Environmental Engineer, Environmental Scientist, Computer Systems/Graphic Specialist, Technical Editor/Writer, Environmental Planner, Lab Technician, Public Information Specialist, Data Entry Specialist, Meeting Planner/Coordinator, Environmental Specialist, Contract Administrator Junior, Associate

Normal Qualifications: Bachelor's Degree or equivalent

Typical Experience: 0 years or more

NOTE: See Level of Effort Distribution Table under Cost Proposal Instructions (L-24 Local Clauses EPA-L-36-101 Proposal Instructions) for additional information regarding the alignment of professional levels.

- (b) Experience/Qualification Substitutions
 - (1) Any combination of additional years of experience in the proposed field of expertise and/or full time college level study in the particular field totaling four years will be an acceptable substitute for a Bachelor's Degree.
 - (2) A Bachelor's Degree plus any combination of additional years of experience in the proposed field of expertise and/or graduate level study in the proposed field of expertise totaling two years will be an acceptable substitute for a Master's Degree.
 - (3) A Bachelor's Degree plus any combination of additional years of experience in the proposed field of expertise and/or graduate level study in the proposed field of expertise totaling four years or a Master's Degree plus any combination of additional years of experience in the proposed field of expertise and/or graduate level study in the proposed field of expertise totaling two years will be an acceptable substitute for a Ph.D. Degree.
 - (4-) Additional years of graduate level study in an appropriate field will be considered equal to years of experience on a one-to-one basis.

QUALITY ASSURANCE SURVEILLANCE PLAN TECHNICAL SUPPORT FOR ASSESSMENTAND WATERSHED PROTECTION

Performance	Measureable	Surveillance	Incentives/
Requirement	Performance Standards	Method	Disincentives
Management and Communications: The Contractor shall maintain contact with the EPA CO, CL-COR, and TOCOR throughout the performance of the contract/task order and shall immediately bring potential problems to the attention of the EPA CL-COR and appropriate TOCOR. In cases where issues have a direct impact on project schedules, cost, time, or quality, the contractor shall provide options for EPA's consideration on resolving the issues or mitigating their impacts.	Any issue adversely impacting project schedules, cost, time or quality shall be brought to the attention of the EPA CL-COR and appropriate TOCOR within 3 workdays of occurrence.	50% of active task orders/deliverables will be reviewed by the EPA CL-COR/TOCOR (via monthly progress report) to identify unreported issues.	Two or more incidents per task order where the contractor does not meet the measureable performance will be considered unsatisfactory performance and will be reported as such in the CPARS Performance Evaluation System under the category of Management. Fewer than two incidents per task order where the contractor does not meet the measureable performance standard will be considered acceptable performance and will be reported as such in the CPARS Performance Evaluation System under the category of Business Relations.
Timeliness: Services and deliverables shall be in accordance with schedules slated in each task order, unless amended or modified by an approved EPA action.	No more than 25% of all deliverables per task order shall be submitted more than 3 work days past the due date.	100% of the active task orders/ deliverables under the contract will be reviewed by the EPA CL-COR/TOCOR monthly (via monthly progress report & milestones established for each deliverable) to compare actual	If the contractor does not meet the measurable performance standards per task order it will be assigned a rating of Unsatisfactory in CPARS under the category of Schedule.

Performance	Measureable	Surveillance	Incentives/ Disincentives
Requirement	Performance Standards	Method delivery dates against those approved.	Disincentives
Cost Management and Control: The Contractor shall monitor, track, and accurately report cost and fee expenditures to EPA through progress reports and approved special reporting requirements. The Contractor shall assign appropriately leveled and skilled personnel to all tasks, practice and encourage time management, and ensure accurate and appropriate cost control.	The contractor shall manage costs to the level of the approved ceiling on the individual task order. The contractor shall notify the TOCOR, CL-COR and CO when 75% of the approved funding ceiling for any particular task order is reached.	100% of the active task orders under the contract will be reviewed by the CL-COR and appropriate TOCOR monthly (via meetings, monthly progress reports & milestones established for each deliverable) to compare actual versus projected expenditures.	If the contractor does not meet the measurable performance standards per task order it will be assigned a rating of Unsatisfactory in CPARS under the category of Cost Control. An acceptable rating will be reported in the CPARS Performance Evaluation System under the category of Cost Control if the contractor meets the measureable performance standards and accurately reports the costs in the progress reports according to the requirements in the "Reports of Work" attachment to the RFP.
Technical Effort: The Contractor shall abide by its QMP and QAPPs for individual task orders in performing services and providing the support on this contract.	No more than 25% of deliverables and work products for any particular Task Order furnished to EPA for review by TOCOR and QAO shall require revisions to meet the requirements of the QMP and QAPP for the task order.	50% of active task orders/deliverables (and work products) will be reviewed by the EPA CL-COR/TOCOR to identify noncompliance issues with the QMP and QAPPs for individual task orders.	If the contractor does not meet the measurable performance standards per task order it will be assigned a rating of Unsatisfactory in CPARS under the category of Technical .

CONTRACTOR'S QUALITY MANAGEMENT PLAN (QMP) TECHNICAL SUPPORT FOR ASSESSMENTAND WATERSHED PROTECTION

TO BE INSERTED AT THE TIME OF AWARD

CONTRACTOR'S ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST (OCOI) PLAN TECHNICAL SUPPORT FOR ASSESSMENTAND WATERSHED PROTECTION

TO BE INSERTED AT THE TIME OF AWARD

CONTRACTOR'S SMALL BUSINESS SUBCONTRACTING PLAN TECHNICAL SUPPORT FOR ASSESSMENTAND WATERSHED PROTECTION

TO BE INSERTED AT THE TIME OF AWARD

CLIENT AUTHORIZATION LETTER TECHNICAL SUPPORT FOR ASSESSMENTAND WATERSHED PROTECTION

(Address)
Dear "Client":
We are currently responding to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Request for Proposal (RFP) No. SOL-CI-16-00037 entitled "Technical Support for Assessment and Watershed Protection". The EPA is placing increased emphasis in their acquisitions on past performance as a source selection factor. EPA requires offerors to inform references identified in proposals that EPA may contact them about past performance information.
If you are contacted by EPA for information on work we have performed under contract for your company, you are hereby authorized to respond to EPA inquiries.
Your cooperation is appreciated. Any questions may be directed to:
Sincerely,

PAST PERFORMANCE QUESTIONNAIRE SOURCE SELECTION SENSITIVE INFORMATION TECHNICAL SUPPORT FOR ASSESSMENTAND WATERSHED PROTECTION

N	ame of Offeror:						
	ontract Information: upplied by offeror in p	roposal, or obtain	ed by EPA)				
Evaluator's Organization: Contract Number:							
Co	ontract Title:	(Contract Value:				
Ty	pe of Contract:		Period of Performance:				
	ne ratings indicated beloge 2 for detailed explana						se see
	Performance Elements	Unsatisfactory	Marginal	Satisfactory	Very Good	Exceptional	
	1) Technical (Quality of Product or Service)						<u>'</u>
	2) Schedule						
	3) Cost Control (N/A for FFP)						
	4) Management						
	5) Regulatory Compliance						
6)	Please identify corpora	te affiliations that y	you have with	n the offeror, if a	ny.		

7) Would you do business with the offeror again?

8) Information provided by:				
Name of Source				
Title				
Date				
Address				
Phone number				
9) Questionnaire received by:				
Name of EPA Employee				
Title				
Date				
Signature				

NOTE: PLEASE SEND COMPLETED QUESTIONNAIRES DIRECTLY TO BRAD HEATH VIA E-MAIL TO HEATH.BRAD@EPA.GOV

Narratives supporting "Performance Elements" ratings for chart on Page 1.

Technical (Quality of Product or Service): Evaluation of the contractor's technical performance or progress toward meeting requirements. Assess the quality of deliverables relative to performance parameters required by the contract.

Schedule: Evaluation of the timeliness of the contractor against the milestones, delivery schedules, and administrative requirements established in the contract or task order. Assess the contractor's adherence to those required delivery schedule by assessing the contractor's efforts and the effectiveness of contractor corrective actions, if they were required.

Cost Control: Evaluation of the contractor's effectiveness in forecasting, managing, and controlling contract cost. Assess whether the contractor demonstrated a sense of cost responsibility, through the efficient use of resources, in each work effort assessed. If there was an overrun or a need to increase the estimated cost, discuss that in the evaluation.

Management: Assess the extent to which the contractor discharges its responsibility for integration and coordination of all activities needed to execute the contract/order; identifies and applies resources required to meet schedule requirements; assigns responsibility for tasks/actions required by the contract/order; communicates appropriate information to affected program elements in a timely manner. Assess the contractor's risk management practices, especially the ability to identify risks and formulate and implement risk mitigation plans. If applicable, identify any other areas that are unique to the contract/order, or that cannot be captured elsewhere under this element.

Regulatory Compliance: Assess compliance with all terms and conditions in the contract/order relating to applicable regulations and codes. Consider aspects of performance such as compliance with financial, environmental (i.e., Clean Air Act, Clean Water Act, etc.), safety, and labor regulations, as well as any other reporting requirements in the contract.